

LANDSCAPE & NURSERY



Cavatine Dwarf Andromeda Pieris japonica 'Cavatine'

Height: 30 inches

Spread: 30 inches

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 5

Other Names: Japanese Pieris

Description:

An interesting and lovely smaller variety of this shrub much cherished for its delicate and showy chains of small white bell-shaped flowers and bright red emerging foliage; performs best in moist, organic and acidic soils

Ornamental Features

Cavatine Dwarf Andromeda features dainty chains of white bell-shaped flowers hanging below the branches in early spring. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage which emerges scarlet in spring. The glossy narrow leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Cavatine Dwarf Andromeda is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.



Cavatine Dwarf Andromeda in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Cavatine Dwarf Andromeda in bloom Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Cavatine Dwarf Andromeda is recommended for the following landscape applications;



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- Accent
- Shade
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Cavatine Dwarf Andromeda will grow to be about 30 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 30 inches. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America, and parts of it are known to be toxic to humans and animals, so care should be exercised in planting it around children and pets.